講義ユニット名 Title of Lecture	Respiratory Systems			所属科目名 Title of Course	Clinical diagnosis and treatment I	
講義ユニット責	KOHNO NOBUOKI	所属	Мс	olecular and	Internal Medicine (Internal	
任者		Affiliation	Me	edicine II)(内級	Ext. Number 5195)	
Responsible		メール				
Instructor		E-mail				
講義ユニットコ	NAKASHIMA TAKU	所属	Mo	olecular and	Internal Medicine (Internal	
ーディネーター		Affiliation	Me	edicine II)(内級	Ext. Number 5196)	
Lecture		メール				
Coordinator		E-mail				
授業方法	Lectures using Power Poi	nt slides.				
Lesson Style						
	If the lungs stop taking oxygen, we cannot survive anymore. Therefore, all efforts are focused on maintaining or resuming breathing and circulation during resuscitation. This unit will start with a review of respiratory anatomy and physiology. This unit will					
概要	outline concepts, epidemiology, symptoms, tests, diagnosis, and treatment of almost					
Overview	all respiratory diseases. The subjects to be covered in this unit are very common, and					
	therefore, important not only for respiratory experts but also for general physicians.					
	You are expected to understand the diseases well enough to give a brief explanation					
	on them to patients, rather than merely having the knowledge.					
	You are expected to explain:					
	-the structure of the airway, pulmonary lobes, segments, and the pulmonary hilum.					
	-the characteristics of the pulmonary circulation.					
	-the structures of the mediastinum and the pleural cavity.					
	-the structure of respiratory muscles and the mechanism of respiratory movement.					
	-lung volumes and the pressure-volume relationship (compliance) of the lung.					
	-the relationship between gas exchange and blood circulation in the alveoli.					
講義ユニットの	-the effects of lung ventilation and perfusion (ventilation-perfusion ratio) on arterial					
到達目標	blood gas.					
Academic Goals	-the mechanisms that control breathing via the respiratory center.					
	-the mechanisms of the transport of oxygen (O2) and carbon dioxide (CO2) by the					
	blood.					
	-the defense mechanisms (immunological, non-immunological) and the metabolic					
	functions of the airway.					
	-how to use a percutaneous oxygen saturation monitor.					
	-the objectives, indications and abnormal findings of arterial blood gas analysis.					
	-the objectives, indications	s and abnor	mal	findings of res	piratory function tests.	

- -the significance of imaging tests (radiography, CT, MRI, and nuclear medicine scanning) of the respiratory system.
- -the significance of bronchoscopy.
- -the significance of sputum examination.
- -the causes and pathology of cough and sputum.
- -important points for the diagnosis of patients with cough or sputum.
- -the causes of bloody sputum and hemoptysis.
- -important points for the diagnosis of patients with bloody sputum or hemoptysis.
- -the pathogenesis of wheezing and underlying diseases.
- -the definition, classification, pathophysiology, and major causes of respiratory failure.
- -the causes, classification, diagnosis, and treatment for hypoxemia  $(O_2)$  and hypercapnia  $(CO_2)$ .
- -the causes, diagnosis, and treatment for acute upper respiratory tract infection (common cold).
- -major pathogens, symptoms, diagnosis, and treatment of bronchitis and pneumonia.
- -the symptoms, diagnosis, treatment, and procedures for reporting pulmonary tuberculosis.
- -an outline of nontuberculous mycobacterial infection.
- -the pathogenesis and prevention of aspiration pneumonia.
- -an outline of lung abscess and pyothorax.
- -the causes of chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases.
- -the definition, diagnosis, and treatment of chronic bronchitis.
- -the causes, diagnosis, and treatment of pulmonary emphysema.
- -the pathophysiology, diagnosis, and treatment of bronchial asthma.
- -the pathology, diagnosis, and treatment of interstitial pneumonia.
- -an outline of diffuse panbronchiolitis.
- -an outline of radiation pneumonitis.
- -an outline of pneumoconiosis and asbestosis.
- -the causes, symptoms, and treatment of acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS).
- -the causes, symptoms, and diagnosis of hypersensitivity pneumonitis.
- -the symptoms, diagnosis, and treatment of sarcoidosis.
- -an outline of eosinophilic pneumonia.
- -the classification, symptoms, diagnosis, and treatment of primary lung cancer.
- -the diagnosis and treatment of metastatic lung tumor.
- -an outline of hyperventilation syndrome.
- -an outline of sleep apnea syndrome.
- -the symptoms, diagnosis, and treatment of bronchiectasis.
- -the causes and diagnosis of atelectasis.

	-the causes, symptoms, diagnosis, and treatment of pleurisy.			
	-the causes, symptoms, diagnosis, and treatment of pneumothorax			
	-the types of mediastinal tumor and their diagnosis and treatment.			
	-the causes, symptoms, and diagnosis of pneumomediastinum.			
	-the indications of plural biopsy.			
	-an outline of pleural mesothelioma.			
2# <del>2</del>	See the attached schedule.			
講義日程				
Class Schedule				
出席の取り扱い	Attendance is taken every lecture using the Student Attendance Management System.			
Class	Some instructors may give a small test during a class to additionally confirm students'			
Attendance	attendance. A student whose attendance is less than two-thirds of all the classes is not			
Policy	eligible for taking the final examination.			
評価項目	Achievement level of goals			
Evaluation Item	(basic understanding and application of knowledge)			
評価法	Examination (in the form of a national examination)			
Evaluation				
Method				
履修上のアドバ				
イス				
Advice for Taking				
the Lecture				
推奨参考書				
Recommended				
Reference				
Books				